

[Correspondence of the Pennsylvanian.]

Boston, May 28, 1849—7 p. m.

The strike of the boatmen is not as yet ended, though the state of affairs is somewhat changed. On Friday and Saturday, a set of reckless desperadoes had pretty much the control of the canal, and conducted themselves as they saw proper, the more prudent and reasonable portion of the boatmen being unable to restrain them.

The passage in the canal was so blocked up that it was with some difficulty any boat could be got through. Sometimes black mail would be levied on the captains, upon the payment of which they were allowed to pass. One poor fellow on Friday evening, after paying a tax of \$2 for passing, was so severely stoned that he had to be carried into a neighboring hotel and have his wounds dressed. The ringleader of this affair was arrested.

On Saturday night a quarrel took place between two of the boatmen, Andrew Shuler and — Ambruster, which ended in a fight. The former was stabbed in the abdomen so badly, that he died in a very short time after, and his body found next morning on the banks of the Lehigh. A coroner's inquest was held upon it. Ambruster received a wound in his back, with a knife. He is gradually recovering, however, and has been removed to the jail.

This morning, early, the sheriff summoned a posse of about 100 citizens, and called out the two military companies of the city brought to protect them. They marched to the 'field of battle,' but did not meet with the least resistance. The posse cleared the passage, so as to allow any boat that wished to go plenty of room, the boatmen even assisting to move about the boats. Captain Horn's company then accompanied the sheriff up the Lehigh canal, a distance of nine miles to Freemansburg, in order to "clear the gangway."

All the private boats were allowed to "go on their way"—the Buck Mountain, Beaver Meadow, Hazleton, and a few of the Lehigh Company boats, also went, and this evening the number is much diminished. Nearly all the Lehigh Company boats, however, remain, their captains being still determined not to start at the present rates.

The sheriff to-day arrested some seven or eight of the principal rioters, who were engaged in stoning him and his posse last week, stopping private boats, &c. Our jail is quite full, and as it is a miserable old building, the prisoners are by no means kept very safe.

[Correspondence of the Balt. Sun.]

WASHINGTON, June 5, 1849.

Though a number of the higher diplomatic and consular appointments have been made, yet there are left a few more of the same sort. The cabinet have not determined, as yet, on the mission to Mexico. Russia is also still in the market, provided that Gov. Graham should take Spain. Rio is also open. It is believed that the cabinet will hold back some few of the first class missions till after the meeting of Congress.

I notice that there are a number of members elect now in this city, as well as members of the late Congress.

Mr. T. H. Lathrop, of this city, formerly of Buffalo, New-York, has been appointed Navy Agent here, in the place of Maj. Scott, resigned. Mr. Lathrop is favorably known here from his business connexion with the banking house of Latham & Co.

Senator Corwin has arrived here, and Mr. Webster is expected. They are brought here, at this time, as attorneys for some of the Mexican claimants.

The Board of Commissioners under the treaty with Mexico, are now in session at Willard's. They are at present engaged in examining the memorials of claimants, and in deciding upon their conformity with the rules established by the Board.

Some of the largest claims are believed to be in jeopardy, and it begins to be doubted whether the awards will reach the amount allowed by the treaty, to wit: three and a quarter millions. The Commissioners are disposed to urge the business of the Board as rapidly as possible.

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LATE FROM RIO JANEIRO.

DISURBANCE WITH AMERICANS.
Tribune translates from Rio papers the following account of a serious affray at Santa Catharina, south of Rio, between a number of Americans and some natives.

"Eight American vessels, on their way to California with 700 or 800 passengers touched there. On Sunday, the 15th, a number of them while on shore, committed some disorders. The natives, who had shown hostility toward them from the day of their landing, collected in groups, armed and attacked the disorderly characters. These also took arms; a fight then occurred, in which one American was killed and four severely wounded, as well as about the same number of natives.

"The disorder had hardly commenced, when the President ordered out the whole police force, the Infantry and the National Guard. Pursued with loss the Americans took refuge in a hotel, and there continued to fight. The armed force surrounded the hotel, which next day sur-

rendered at the command of the authorities.

"The examination which was held terminated without being able to prove upon any one that he originated the disorder, nor that, on both sides, any one had done more than defend himself. In the Provisional Assembly there is much declamation against the President, accusing him of having taken violent and illegal means against the Americans. Happily, quiet has returned; the city has become tranquil, and the Americans have again gone on board."

[Translated for the Balt. Sun, from the 'Annales Medico-Psychologiques.']

INSANITY IN CHINA, SPAIN, PERU, AND MEXICO.

China.—The insane receive but little attention in China, and there are few there. There is scarcely any mention made of mental derangement in the books of the Chinese physicians.

Spain.—The Lunatic Asylum at Toledo, founded by a Cardinal in the 17th century, contains between four and five hundred patients. Its physician is also its director. He is aided by priests and hospital-sisters, whose authority never transcend his own authority.

Peru.—At the hospital of St. Andrew, Lima, the number of insane patients is considerable. On the 30th November every year, St. Andrew's days, this hospital is open to the public. One of the favorite amusements of the population at Lima is to see these patients. It is a sad thing, that the unfortunate and afflicted should be used to amuse an ignorant multitude. How can so reprehensible a custom be tolerated at the present day?

Mexico.—There was formerly an asylum for the insane in Mexico, but owing to late political events, it is now occupied for another purpose.

TOMB OF NAPOLEON.

A French paper gives the following details relating to works at the tomb of the Emperor Napoleon. An immense circular crypt has been dug beneath the dome; within which, on three shafts of green marble, the sarcophagus containing the Emperor's coffin will repose. The block of porphyry which the curious are now flocking to see on the Quai d'Orsay, is destined to cover the sarcophagus. A lower gallery, paved in mosaics and lined with marble bas-reliefs representing the principal events in the Emperor's life will admit the public to circulate about the sarcophagus. Twelve colossal statues in white marble—of which six are already placed—will sustain an upper gallery, whence it may be looked down on and its details examined from above. These allegorical statues from the chisel of Pradier, represent the principal branches of human activity—Science, Legislation, War, Arts, &c. A magnificent altar of black marble veined with white rises in front of the tomb. Four large and beautiful columns also of white and black marble, support the canopy of carved and gilt wood.

Ten broad steps, each cut from a single block of Carrara marble, lead up to the funeral altar. Beneath this altar is the passage to the lower gallery above spoken of; whose entrance is guarded on either side by the tombs in black marble, of Bertrand and Duroc—dead marshals keeping watch at the door of the imperial dead. The marble employed in the construction of this tomb cost not less than a million and a half of francs (\$300,000) in the rough; the sculptures and bas-reliefs executed by Simart, cost six hundred thousand francs (\$120,000).—The block of porphyry for the covering of the sarcophagus weighs 45,900 kilograms; its extraction and carriage to Paris cost one hundred and forty thousand francs (\$28,000.) It comes from the shore of lake Ontario. Between the tombs of Bertrand and Duroc, a shrine will be erected to receive the sword of Austerlitz, the Imperial Crown, and eighty standards captured under the Empire.

—American Art Union Bulletin.

"VERY CHEAP, but most wretched accommodations," as the fellow said when they rode him on a rail.

W. ZACHARY,

Daguerrean Artist.

Informs the citizens of the Village, and District generally, that he is located at Pickens C. H. for a short time, and will be pleased to furnish, all those who desire, with correct likenesses of themselves and friends. He may be found in the Long Room over the Store of Benson & Taylor. Pickens C. H., June 15th 1849 4—tf

NEW GOODS!!!

THE SUBSCRIBERS would respectfully inform their friends and customers, that they are now receiving a fresh supply of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

—ALSO—

GROCERIES, HARDWARE, SHOES, BCTS, HATS, DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c., &c., which they will sell low for CASH.—Call and examine for yourselves.

P. & E. E. ALEXANDER.

Pickens C. H., 1st June, 1849 3—tf

FURTHER INTELLIGENCE BY THE EUROPA.

FRANCE.—The cholera is rapidly increasing in Paris. The number of Hospital cases reported from 1st to 15th May, inclusive, was 26,272; number of deaths, 12,806. The populace of Lyons had showed a disposition to revolt, and Marshal Buguord ordered a regiment to charge, but instead of that, the soldiers joined the mob. A Regiment of Dragons were then ordered out, but refused to act, and returned to their barracks.

An insurrection was expected in Paris, and it was feared, that the soldiers would side with the people. Fresh regiments were ordered from the country to take the place of those supposed to be infected.

In the Assembly on the 22, the affairs of Italy being under consideration, M. Sarasin said in regard to the Russian intervention in the Hungarian affairs, that this was a mere pretext, and that the ultimate object was to effect a combination of Kings against all Democratic Governments, and the serious attention of the Government was called to these movements on the part of Russia, Prussia, and Austria.

The embarkation of troops for Italy continued actively.

A grand review of the troops by the President took place, and his reception was most enthusiastic.

In the recent elections the most furious socialists have been returned, whilst all the party which caused the February revolution have been left out.

ENGLAND.—A little after 6 o'clock, P. M. on the 19th ult., while Queen Victoria and Prince Albert in an open landau were returning from Hyde Park, a pistol was fired at the Queen by Jno. Hamilton, an Irishman, who was immediately arrested.

There is a rumor of changes in the English Cabinet, and it is said Lord Clarendon was to be raised to the Premiership.

ITALY.—G. Garibaldi has marched into the Neapolitan territory, and the Neapolitans have abandoned several places on the Roman Territory to fall back to defend their city, and the Spaniards have fled without firing a gun.

The overtures of peace on the part of Rome to France have been concluded. All hostilities had ceased for some days. Gen. Oudinot has said that the King of Naples shall make no attack upon Rome. Large bodies of men continue to arrive in the city from the country, to fight for the Republic.

Accounts from Sicily confirm the formation of a Provisional Government, and preparations for resistance.

HUNGARY.—The Russians have been defeated by the Hungarians, and 36,000 Russians are said to have surrendered. It is rumored that Gen. Ben has also defeated the Russians.

Kossuth has declared his intention to retire from public life, as soon as he has freed his country.

CANADA.—The British Government have sanctioned all the measures of Lord Elgin in the late Riots, which produced the greatest excitement in Montreal. A large party demand that the country shall be annexed to the United States. So great is the excitement, that some doubts are expressed for the safety of Lord Elgin.

HAMBURG MARKETS.

(REPORTED FOR THE KEOWEE COURIER.)

HAMBURG, June 13, 1849.

Late advices from Europe are not quite so flattering for Cotton. Still our market remains the same, and prices are full. We quote, 6 to 7 1-2 cents.

Corn lower, say 62 1-2 per bu. Meal in demand at 75, to 80 cts.

Butter, a good article, 18 to 20 cts.

Bacon 6 cents. Other articles at last week's notes.

Yours, &c., H.

ESTRAY.

Sam'l. Pulliam, near Jarratts Bridge, tells before me a Bay Horse, 14 or 15 hands high, about 8 years old, right hind foot white, branded on the near shoulder with letter O, right eye dim. Appraised at 35 dollars.

EDWARD HUGHES, M. P. D.

June 8th, 1849. 5

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. PICKENS DISTRICT. In Equity.

Jane Barton & P. Alexander, Adm'x. & Admr. vs.

John Ladd and Wiley Reaves and Heirs at Law of B. Barton, dec'd. Bill for Relief.

It appearing to my satisfaction that Benj. F. Barton and Joab Lewis and Wife, Phalby, Defendants to this Bill of Complaint, reside from and without the limits of this State.

On motion of Whitner & Harrison, Comp. Sol's. It is ordered, that they do plead, answer or demur to the allegations in said Bill, within three months from the date hereof, or their consent to the same will be taken pro confesso.

MILES M. NORTON, C. E. P. D. Com's Office, Pickens C. H., S. C. June 8th, 1849.

HEAD QUARTERS,

1st DIVISION, S. C. M.

EDGEFIELD C. H., April 30, '49.

CAPT. W. B. IOOR, having been appointed and commissioned Aid-de-Camp to Maj. Gen. Bonham, with the rank of Major, will be obeyed and respected accordingly.

By order of Maj. Gen. BONHAM.

W. S. GRISHAM.

June 9

4-3w.

ORDINARY'S SALE.

By order of W. D. Steele, Esq., Ordinary for Pickens District, will be sold on Sale-day in July next before the Sheriff's Office, within the legal hours, a Tract of Land belonging to the Estate of Wm. Addis, deceased, containing One Hundred Acres more or less, lying on Beaver-dam Creek, adjoining lands of C. Hunt, Wm. Grant and others, to be sold for Partition among the heirs of said deceased.

TERMS OF SALE:

Twelve months credit, except the cost which will be required in advance; purchasers giving bond and good security and a mortgage of the premises if required by the Ordinary, to secure payment of the purchase money.

J. A. DOYLE, S. P. D.

June 4, 1849.

4-4w

SHERIFF'S SALES.

PICKENS DISTRICT.

BY VIRTUE OF WRITS OF FIERI FACIAS TO ME DIRECTED.

Will be sold before the Court House in this District, within the legal hours on the first Monday and Tuesday in July next.

1 Negro woman, named Milly, and 2 children, Caroline and Sina, levied on as the property of T. D. Coleman at the suit of John Bowen vs. T. D. Coleman and Abigail Coleman.

One Roane Horse levied on as the property of Joseph L. Howard, at the suit of Andrew Hunter vs. Joseph L. Howard and Charles Durham.

180 Acres of Land, lying on the waters of Twelve Mile, adjoining lands of James Porter and others, sold as the property of Isaac Murphree at the suit of W. D. Steele.

One two horse Wagon and Gear, one sorrel Horse, and one bay Horse, levied on as the property of John M. Phillips, at the suit of W. D. Keith.

Also, one box of Silver Ware, levied on as the property of Absalom Hyde, at the suit of W. D. Steele.

Conditions cash,—purchasers to pay for Titles.

J. A. DOYLE, S. P. D.

Sheriff's Office,

June 9, 149. }

CALL AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELVES S. KIRKSEY

has just received a new assortment of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, CONSISTING IN PART OF MUSLINS, CAMBRICS, PRINTS, LACES, CLOTHS, CASIMERES, SATINETS, KENTUCKY JEANS, MONTEREY CLOTH, VESTINGS, BONNETS, HATS AND SHOES.

Also, SUGAR, COFFEE, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, SADDLERY, &c., &c., Together with a general assortment of Goods usually found in the up-Country, which he will sell as low as the lowest.

His old friends and the public generally are invited to give him a call.

Pickens C. H., June 2, 1849. 3—tf

SOUTH CAROLINA.

PICKENS DISTRICT.

Hannah Clayton, Applicant.

vs.

Charles Allen and Wife, Sarah A. Allen, James Young and Wife, Mary Elizabeth Young, John Thos. Clayton, Robert C. Clayton, Stephen G. Clayton, Margaret Clayton, Jesse M. Clayton, Defendants.

For the sale of the Real Estate of John Clayton, deceased, not disposed of by Will. And it appearing that John Thomas Clayton resides without the limits of this State: it is therefore ordered, that he do appear within three months from the date hereof, or his consent to said sale will be taken as confessed.

W. D. STEELE, O. P. D.

Ordinary's Office,

June 1st, 1849. }

3-m3

Notice or not Notice, as you all please!

W. T. HOLLAND, M. S., of Bachelor's Retreat, is decidedly the tallest man in this part of the country—and some say, he is the d—dest fool; and others say he should not doctor a dog for them:—but he practices on, that is his business; he rides further and faster, and does more of it than any man now living, since Davy Crockett's death. He treats cases as the symptoms appear; he pukes, he purges, he bleeds, he sweats, but don't steam at all, and cuts too; and seldom, if ever, loses a patient while he or she continues breathing. He has a pill, a powder, a drop, a plaster for every pain, ache, and ailment in the whole catalogue of human diseases, and will positively sell them lower, by one-half, than any other person, white or black. He makes out his own bills and other men pay them, sometimes, and sometimes they do not. They say he cannot collect by law, but I say, 'if he can't, he can a-most.' Pickens District, S. C., June 2, 1849.

New Store.

BENSON & TAYLOR

Have just opened a fine stock of NEW GOODS, in the Store lately occupied by W. D. Steele, which they respectfully invite their friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere, as their object is to sell.

Pickens C. H., S. C. }

May 18, 1849. }

1 tf

COFFEE.

SOW YOUR DIMES AND REAP YOUR DOLLARS—A PENNY SAVED IS A PENNY MADE.

TEN POUNDS good RIO COFFEE will be given for One Dollar, and other Goods at corresponding prices, at the NEW CHEAP CASH STORE,

PICKENS C. H.

BENSON & TAYLOR.

Pickens C. H., S. C. }

May 18, 1849. }

1 tf

CHEAP GOODS.

Cheap as the Cheapest!

The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he is receiving at short intervals a

HANDSOME SELECTION OF

Dry Goods.

GROCERIES, Hardware & Cutlery, CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE, Drugs and Medicines,

&c. &c. &c.

All selected expressly for this market and will be sold positively as cheap as the cheapest for cash.

S. R. McFALL.

Pickens C. H., S. C. }

May 18, 1849. }

1 tf

Look at this!

The firm of Thompson & Keith having been dissolved, those indebted to it will do well to call and settle with

E. M. KEITH.

May 18, 1849. }

4t

Notice.

I Mary Rogers, the wife of James Rogers, who is a farmer, residing in Pickens District, So. Ca., on Little River, do hereby give notice of my intention to trade as a sole trader, and to exercise all the privileges of a Free Dealer, after the expiration of one month from this date.

MARY ROGERS.

May 18, 1849. }

1 fm

Look Before You Leap!!

All persons are forewarned from trading for any or all of certain notes given by myself to James H. Reeder, being six in number, dated January 8, 1849. The first due the 25th of December, 1850, and each of the others due on the same day of each succeeding year; each given for seventy one dollars and forty cents (\$71 40), as I do not intend to pay the same, unless compelled by law,—th consideration for which said notes were given, has in part failed.

THOMAS A. YOW.

May 12, 1849. }

4t

E. M. KEITH,

Attorney at Law.

Will continue to practice in the Courts of Law and Equity for the Western Circuit.

Business entrusted to his care will meet with prompt attention.

Office at Pickens Court House, S. C. May 25, 1849. 2—tf

Dr. J. N. Lawrence.

Will attend punctually to all calls in the line of his profession. Unless absent on professional business, he may be found at his Office, or his private residence in the Village. He also has on hand a general assortment of medicines which he will furnish to customers at reduced prices.

Pickens C. H., S. C. }

May 18, 1849. }

1 tf

JAMES V. TRIMMER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

SPARTANBURG, C. H., S. C.

Will practice in the Courts of Union, Spartanburg and Greenville.

All business committed to his care will receive prompt and faithful attention.

REFERENCES:

HON. D. WALLACE, Union, S. C.
T. O. P. VERNON, C. E. S. D., Spartanburg, S. C.
May 18, 1849 1—tf

JAMES GEORGE,

Merchant Tailor,

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has on hand a FINE VARIETY OF BROAD CLOTHS, CASIMERES,

SATINETS, TWEEDS, KENTUCKY JEANS, &c.

ALSO

AN ASSORTMENT OF READY-MADE

CLOTHING,

which he will sell cheap for Cash.

The public are invited to call and examine his Stock, before purchasing elsewhere.

Pickens C. H., May 25, 1849. 2—tf